

RE-VISION OF FUTURE TRENDS IN HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT (HRM) ONCE COVID-19

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ABSTRACT:

The paper makes an attempt to diagnose how the Covid-19 pandemic has affected several HR processes, such as hiring and selection, remote work, employee motivation, retraining, and communication.

The "future trends in HR" that were foreseen a few years ago, prior to the pandemic, are being revised and discussed in this theoretical study.

Key Words: COVID-19, pandemic, HR challenges, remote working, reskilling, well-being

OBJECTIVE:

The article is an endeavour to form a designation concerning the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on hour practices as well as accomplishment and choice, remote operating, motivating staff, re-skilling and communication. This theoretical study could be a quite revision and discussion with the "future trends in HR" foretold a couple of years past before pandemic.

METHODOLOGY:

The analysis methodology was a review of the foremost recent analysis findings from business apply and from scientific literature regarding the impact of the pandemic on numerous fields of human resource management. because of the growing flood of media info, the authors wished to pick out the foremost updated hour practices enforced in organizations from the reliable and identifiable sources.

Findings:

The biggest challenges for hour when COVID-19 can be: restructuring the place of labour and the content of labour, applying a lot of

advanced technology to achievement, choice and performance; a lot of interests, appreciation and motivation from managers are going to be required as well as building trust, a way of happiness among team members. The list of advantages is going to be revised towards enhancing psychological state and well-being, the truth when the pandemic can require new competencies from managers and workers therefore re-skilling and re-training square measure the most expected approaches.

Value Added:

This article is turning into a very important voice on the impact of an outbreak on the HR practices. The rising and current results of analysis on hour trends can enable targeting education systems and armament workers with the foremost certain competences that will be helpful within the era when the pandemic.

Recommendations:

The COVID-19 turmoil has modified the ready strategic plans for development of many organizations. This external issue hardened all continents and engineered new reality where



some tips and recommendation square measure extremely welcome. Thus, we tend to planned few revisited personnel solutions that hour professionals might implement. we tend to additionally invite different students to research the pandemic impact on several multidimensional levels: economic, political, social, technological, moral ones.

INTRODUCTION:

The dynamic changes going down within the atmosphere of a global organization square measure mirrored within the market and clearly translate into the intra-organizational context of human resource management within the kind of strategic, structural and cultural conditions policy shaping the hour and practice (Paczkowski, 2019). The conception of volatile, uncertain, complex, and ambiguous (VUCA) is gaining significance currently. Indeed, the COVID-19 pandemic has been recognized as a significant exogenous shock that has altered the competitive landscape for each little and huge firms (Wenzel, Stanske, & Lieberman, 2020) and as follows from business observe, thirty fourth of employers didn't have emergency plans previous the pandemic (SHRM, 2020a). The COVID-19 disclosed extraordinary pandemic has vulnerabilities arising from widespread global uncertainty. Uncertainty is not any longer the context tough by just senior international companies (MNE) leaders concerned managing complex international provide chains, volatile monetary markets, and unpredictable geopolitical relationships. Rather, uncertainty has become the context for numerous international workers United Nations agency are performing from home for the primary time, experiencing job instability and monetary insecurity, and worrying regarding their and their beloved ones' health and safety (Caligiuri et al., 2020). Ł. Sułkowski immersed additional analysis and reflection on

the social, economic, structure and cultural aspects of the Covid-19 pandemic (Sułkowski, 2020). Therefore, by reviewing and pursuit the most recent business and research, one could get the impression that the present models and strategies for human resource management, celebrated best practices, as well as expected future trends (eg. Deloitte, 2017; the longer term of work force Development, 2017; work force of the longer term. The competitor forces shaping 2030, 2017; force, 2017; WEC Employment Confederation, 2016; Williams, 2016) fully recapitulated. The headlines of various articles say: re-visioning, re-structuring, re-skilling, retraining, as if the fact we have celebrated to this point has to be reformulated. it's not enough to adapt in a given space or to boost existing practices. it's regarding parturition foundations. The aim of this critical review is going to be to indicate new trends practices in HRM that require to be redefined so as to really meet business goals after COVID-19. The trends that were declared a couple of years agone relating to strategic competences, diversity and inclusion, demographic problems, skills gap, worker quality and therefore the role of technology in management ought to 73 Re-vision **Future Trends** in Human Resource Management (HRM) when COVID-19 be revised (Krysińska-Kościańska, 2017; Przytuła, 2018; Strzelec, 2019). In Deloitte Human Capital Report 2020, that has been issued BEFORE the irruption of COVID-19, the retrospective vision of changes that reshaped the business world since 2011 until 2019 is bestowed. astonishingly, these findings dead suit to the planet we tend to reside today: "The world today appearance remarkably completely different from the one during which we tend to launched the first international Human Capital Trends report in 2011. The past decade has been marked by radical modification, by a "newness" that has



evolved at a pace that can solely be represented exponential. Technology invaded geographical point at a speed that may are impossible a decade previous. Workforce demographics shifted well, with 5 generations within the work force, a decline in working-age populations in several advanced economies, and an increase within the specialise in equality for all staff because it relates to pay and treatment. And because the work force evolved, thus did expectations – with calls employee organizations to try to to additional to assist improve individuals' lives, address societal issues, mitigate technology's causeless consequences, and act equitably and ethically. "Therefore, future trends were expected, however even the predictions from 2019 won't be consummated any longer and are out-of-date explosive, unexpected when this pandemic. Covid-19 has basically modified however businesses operate these days and within the future. Rethinking however MNEs use international groups and virtual collaboration and assignments international may represent necessary parts in a very reconfiguration of the HRM perform. there's a chance for HRM analysis to collect relevant and helpful proof to facilitate international add the longer term, by examining the role of the HRM perform throughout and when the crisis. Even large organizations with subtle pre-pandemic personnel policies are probably to be re-writing the principles. for instance, as travel restrictions ease, employers and people can create choices regarding whether or not, when, and where they feel safe to travel. HRM scholarship can give associate evidencebase for international quality policies which will facilitate workers to regulate to new ways in which of working in groups and therefore the inevitable stress and uncertainty of postpandemic travel (Caligiuri et al., 2020).

The workplace's restructuring:

After a couple of months of remote work, several organizations realised that the physical area, offices, automobile parking don't seem to be required any longer if staff decide to work from home. Those staff United Nations agency can comply with add the office can want specific circumstances to be safe, keeping distance and have chance to open windows to ventilate. These division zones will type the inspiration of a brand new "company ecosystem" — one that's additional efficient, serves the distinctive wants of groups higher and is much less expensive to implement. Ultimately, this new approach can modify simpler groups and improve culture and engagement (Igloo software, 2020).

Remote work may be structured in order that staff split their time between home and also the geographical point, on alternate weeks and on a rotating schedule. It will embody selected times for everybody to be physically present – for example, there can be an honest reason for everybody to be on website on e.g., on weekday of each month. Or an organization may select a "work-from-anywhere model" during which staff will work remotely all the time however still be ready to visit any work location anytime if they need to try and do so for the aim of affiliation (Kaufman et al., 2020). Organizations want to rewrite the foundations regarding content and place of labour to navigate the exponential modification that appeared with COVID-19. Increasing sanitation and cleaning, implementing social distancing pointers beside operational changes like decreasing business travel and reducing the utilization of common spaces like kitchens or recreation areas. These tasks are preponderantly assigned 60 minutes department during which eighty seven of 60 minutes professionals recently reported that their work has been crucial to their organization since the pandemic began and over half them felt their



work is additional appreciated than before the pandemic (SHRM, 2020b).

Increased use of technology in hiring and selecting:

According to KPMG analysis, in 2019 unit of time specialists planned to speculate specifically in unit of time technology that enhances unit of time analytics and permits for any HR automation over succeeding 2 to a few years. Sixty % conjointly agree that grip these new technologies would require a major modification of roles among unit of time (KPMG 2020). Indeed, this set up has gained importance since COVID appeared, as majority accomplishment and choice practices were provided by e-bots or via ATS (application chase system). Video interview usage went up from twenty second in 2019 to fifty-eight this year. Drug take a look at usage in choice dropped twenty first, doubtless because of lack of availableness for in-person testing. Reference checks conjointly went up 11th of September, suggesting that organizations square measure searching for ways that to learn a lot of concerning their candidates once alternative inperson ways aren't any longer out there (McKinsey&Company, 2020). Technology may be a key enabler for quicker, cheaper and higher delivery of HR services and in some cases will have a transformational likewise as unintentional negative result (Thite, 2019). The wealth of varied online/mobile communication solutions is advantageous on the one hand, and might be the curse of abundance on the opposite. workers square measure forced to vary focus from one platform, app, or project to succeeding once a notification brand-new comes through, threatening productivity and collaboration. The survey found that 55% of staff use a minimum of 2 company approved apps simply to try to to their jobs on a day after day. At an equivalent time,

fifty-seven of workers use a minimum of one non-company approved app. Knowledge-sharing is additionally vulnerable by this collaboration tool fatigue. the share of workers United Nations agency avoid sharing documents as a result of they either can't realize them or it might take too long to do therefore has augmented to over 1/2 staff (51%) (Igloo software, 2020).

More activities that promote intrinsic motivation, engagement, a sense of belonging, and wellbeing are required:

The digital geographic point of nowadays is immensely completely different from geographic point a decade ago — thanks to each antique challenges further as some new realities. There are more tools, a lot of flexibility in wherever we have a tendency to do our work and a lot of communication with co-workers, whether or not they sit next to USA or work [*fr1] a world away. But the demand for a a lot of engaged, effective remote work force has inflated exponentially. it's a lot of necessary than ever to pay attention and take action to assist employees succeed (Igloo software, 2020). consistent with Deloitte study, enhancing engagement and sense of happiness has been structure priority for this point and people efforts can pay off within the close to future. 79% of organizations say fostering a way of happiness within the work force is very important for their success over following eighteen months (Deloitte, 2020b). It is not solely concerning knowing IT tools however concerning intrinsic motivation and engagement to figure. There square measure as an example some predictions regarding motivation thanks to forced e-learning once lecturers COVID unfold. Sułkowski, Przytuła & Kulikowski (2020) expected that forced elearning might result in a decrease psychological feature job characteristics (like task identity, task significance, autonomy and



social dimensions of work) for educational teachers. Moreover, it'd expose academics to several e-learning disadvantages exaggerated by the extraordinary and distressful COVID-19 state of affairs. Besides, the psychological science literature offers substantial proof that one in every of our basic human motivators is that the want for competency. During the COVID-19 pandemic, the dearth of skilled stimulation whereas acting from home is fostering a lot of self-reliant knowledge-seeking to satisfy the requirement to learn, grow, and demonstrate competency. At a time, once employees' desire to find out, grow, and demonstrate competency is heightened, companies that offer access to, or reimburse, employees' on-line coaching reach a transparent win-win; they increase capability and, at the same time, foster worker motivation (Caligiuri et al., 2020). Historically, remote employees have felt out-of-the-loop and disengaged from their co-workers, however that's dynamic. The survey found that organizations are creating larger efforts to support their remote workforces, to listen to their opinions and embrace them in company culture. In fact, 93% of remote employees aforesaid their corporations have created a shot to create them feel included within the company culture and sixty-two say their issues square measure taken as seriously as their office-based co-workers' issues. eighty fifth of remote employees have had a minimum of one meeting interrupted thanks to technology problems like lost connections (Igloo software, 2020). The most necessary 60 minutes trends pointed by employers this year was well-being of their staff and sense of happiness. Employees' well-being is currently a lot of important than ever. solely the hierarchy of employees' wants has modified, because as a result of the new realities of labour and perpetually dynamic external factors, the workers might feel a loss of balance, inflated anxiety, decreased efficiency, disturbed relationships with beloved ones and colleagues, as well as reduced wellbeing. eightieth of corporations declare that the wellbeing of employees is going to be necessary or important for his or her success within the next eighteen months, however solely 100 percent square measure absolutely able to implement this approach. According to Deloitte survey, ninetyseven of respondents believe that caring for the well-being of staff is that the company's responsibility, five hundredth of respondents notice a positive impact of well-being not solely on the expertise of staff, but also on alternative areas, and sixty fifth of respondents admit that well-being isn't a part of the work model. whereas ninety-seven of respondents believe corporations square measure accountable for the well-being of their staff, it's solely fourhundredth admit that they live the effectiveness of actions taken during this space (Deloitte, 2020a). what's a lot of, organizational culture (pointed by forty third managers), leadership behaviours that reinforce structure values of fairness, respect and psychological safety (33%) and conjointly personal relationships (24%) square measure the largest factors influencing an organization's ability to form happiness (Deloitte, 2020b).

Remote employment:

According to Beantown Consulting cluster the staff worked Associate in Nursing calculable 25% of their time remotely before the pandemic, and it believes that this figure could rise to more or less five hundredth or additional (Kaufman et al., 2020). COVID-19 accelerated the adoption of remote operating. over seventieth respondents agree they valued digital solutions that gathered their reference to different people, and sixty-three believe they'll have confidence digital technologies over they did before the pandemic even well when it



subsides (2021 world promoting Trends, 2020). Survey on twelve 000 employers found the pandemic has forced employers to manoeuvre Associate in Nursing unprecedented share of employees—some 40%—to remote operating however over twenty fifth of staff can add hybrid models that mix remote and onsite work.60% of respondents indicate they want some flexibility in wherever and once they add the longer term (BCG, 2020). Because this shift has been involuntary, continues over a drawn-out amount, and needs entire households to be house-bound. there's additional potential for employees to expertise inflated work hours, further as inflated work-life conflict. for workers United Nations agency were globally mobile, and currently realize themselves engaging from throughout the pandemic, the shift is especially significant and borders between work and family might need re-negotiation and re-organization (Caligiuri et al., 2020). Unfortunately, since March 2020 not such a large amount of "best practices" have been offered however and learning the way to lead an overseas team isn't thus obvious. Managing overseas personnel is difficult as a result of eighty fifth of remote workers have had a minimum of one meeting interrupted thanks to technology problems like lost connections (Igloo software, 2020). different analysis according that 93% of managers learn through trial and error, hr answered that they browse articles, newsletters, or blogs. once it involves the longer term of remote work, the outlook appears to be terribly positive within the minds of remote managers and 87% of them believe that remote work very is that the future and it'll become 'the norm' among the area of five years (The Remote Managers, 2020). Similarly, in step with SHRM survey seven in ten employers were troubled to adapt to remote work (SHRM, 2020a). Thus, it's a transparent message to managers: to address virtual collaboration on a large-scale throughout this crisis they need to develop and reward employees' virtual collaboration skills, foster perceived proximity, and style ICT, work goals, and also the communication structure during a means that fosters collaboration (Caligiuri et al., 2020). As Oxford political economy predicts, remote work is going to be a talent magnet in returning years and should be viewed as a long-run investment (Oxford political economy, 2020).

Retraining and reskilling for new competencies and abilities:

The shortage of extremely experienced specialists with international and intercultural experience (e.g., expatriates) has become a giant challenge for international companies for the last twenty years (Brookfield world Relocation Trends, 2016; Dickman, 2017; force, 2017; Schuler, Jackson, Tanique, 2011) and fourhundredth of employers notice it tough to recruit work force – that has been the biggest increase since 2008 (Manpower, 2017). In 2020 nearly eighty-seven of respondents say they either area unit experiencing talent gaps currently or expect them among many years. during this state of affairs, the answer to this drawback can be hiring or talent building as explicit by fifty-six of McKinsey's respondents (McKinsey&Company, 2020). Employers should puzzle out however they'll adapt to chop-chop dynamic conditions, how to notice new skills for "distance economy" and corporations have to learn the way to match those employees to new roles and activities. it's concerning how leaders will reskill and upskill the work force to deliver new business models within the post-pandemic era. Reskilling programs most frequently focus on building employees' skills in crucial thinking and higher cognitive process, leadership and management of others, and advanced information analysis. All these are the abilities that the previous analysis



has found (Przytuła, 2018) to be in larger demand coming within the back (McKinsey&Company, 2020). Agrawal et al. (2020) pointed that the talent building ought to be cantered on four areas: digital, higher psychological feature, social and emotional ability and resilience. In response to the current, 60 minutes executives typically establish with the numerous wants to reskill the work force and in keeping with the 2019 world business executive Outlook, 44% of CEOs across major markets decide to upskill quite 1/2 their workforces in new digital capabilities (such as advanced information visual image, ability to code, etc.) big data, computing, and cybersecurity (KPMG, 2019). Reskilling was pointed by seventy fifth employers because the most vital 60 minutes trend in 2020 (Deloitte, 2020b) and in response workers area unit desirous to reskill and that three-quarters of nearly one,500 regular workers round the world area unit more motivated to boost their technical or skilled skills as a result of COVID-19 (Oxford economic science, 2020).

The Effects of Global and Virtual Mobility on the Mind:

COVID-19 has modified not solely however individuals work however conjointly fundamental patterns of movement and travel. These changes could need relocating activities to different countries. firms could devour talent regionally then again can have to get new workers up to hurry on their new roles-through re-skilling. Globally mobile workers distinctive challenges even throughout "business as usual" circumstances. within the wake of associate unprecedented pandemic, which has vertical standard of living across the world, these challenges square measure exacerbated by being in a very new country. Navigating the ins associated outs of an assignment abroad is already an extended and doubtless nervewracking method for globally mobile workers; throughout an amount of unsure health and economic outcomes, anxieties square measure additional amplified (MetLife, 2020). throughout the pandemic, life has changed a great deal for World Health Organization international business travellers and globally mobile workers in MNEs: their current "grounding" could mean they're experiencing a way of loss. Their frequent travel, building accommodation. and business dinners replaced by stay-at-home restrictions and virtual conferences. the strain caused by the strain of virtual world work is real; several workers square measure experiencing long work hours to accommodate time zones and performance challenges in but ideal remote operating conditions (Caligiuri et al., 2020). Mental health and stress square measure the leading sources of concern for workers working and living abroad. This was true before the beginning of the pandemic and has solely intense within the months when. workers would like employers' help, and globally mobile workers would like help from their company's well-being programs to bridge the data gap as they navigate living in a new country. within the era of COVID-19, explaining insurance, life insurance incapacity edges square measure predominate, significantly for inpatriates who might not be aware of the native aid system (MetLife, 2020). Meanwhile, over one third of employers were providing resources to support healthy adjustment to remote work including: psychological state podcast, CDC toolkits, newsletters, books (SHRM, 2020a). The needs haven't modified considerably between the time before pandemic and the new reality, perpetually the foremost necessary would like for well-being is regular physical activity (according to sixtyseven,5% respondents). mental health is the most vital (from thirty fifth before the pandemic to



forty-three.9% within the new reality). whereas previous pandemic solely three-D of employers offered edges associated with mental condition, today seventy-two,6% of workers expect edges associated with mental condition, and therefore the most fascinating forms concern managing stress (according to fifty-four.7% respondents) and therefore the strategy of calmness, peace and mindfulness (51%) (Active, 2020). virtually 2 thirds of firm's square measure permitting current mobile workers to temporarily come back to their home country, forty third of firms united on early end of assignment, twenty second failed to supply any extra support, 14 July united to temporary relocation to an alternate location and Martinmas of respondents were offering more money support to hide extra prices. As so much as strategic plan is bothered, four hundred and forty yards of firms same they'll come back to business as was common as before long as doable with constant variety of moves and solely 12-tone system see the COVID-19 can have an elementary impact on however we have a tendency to read men mobility and therefore they would like for international moves (PwC, 2020).

Enhancing and Communicating Social ties:

An average person in 2020 can generate 200-300 contacts daily on the web thanks to completely different channels providing continuous on-line affiliation (Przytuła, 2018) and "a sensing element economy" can emerge, supported devices that are responsive to surroundings and site, and recognizing services and communication needs. the present crisis sheds light-weight on the challenges of social and social ties between folks. 71,1% of respondents indicated that the integration of staff within the company has shrivelled, and 59.4% of them declare that they have integration with different staff within the new reality (Active, 2020). For people who had not designed robust operating relationships before the crisis, operating and

managing at a distance and thru virtual communication media has created it exhausting to take care of (Caligiuri et al., 2020). Delivering technical infrastructure and providing computer code appear to be obligation of employers that follows from the psychological contract towards employees, United Nations agency offer their own workplace instrumentality, electricity, online capability to continue operating in remote circumstances. however specially managers are guilty of shaping new socio-cultural patterns (Sułkowski, 2020) or new agreement, analysis on managing expatriate assignments in MNEs shows that communication and support from managers is a crucial buffer against job stress tough by staff. this data is applied to the pandemic state of affairs of engaging from home. for a few folks, social isolation yet as uncertainty regarding their health, job, and future can have a negative impact on their psychological state. Any stigma coupled to mental health may stop some staff from seeking facilitate, and MNE senior managers ought to so communicate with sympathy, encourage health resources, and supply sensible support for employees' health and safety (Caligiuri et al., 2020). Research conducted by the state capital Consulting cluster indicated that 75% of staff aforesaid that in the primary few months of the pandemic they were ready to maintain or improve productivity on their individual tasks (such as analysing knowledge, writing shows, and capital punishment body cooperative tasks tasks). For (including exchanges with co-workers, working in teams, and interacting with clients), the quantity is lower. What was shocking in this analysis that social property is what permits staff to be collaboratively productive. And cooperative productivity is crucial for any company wanting to enhance communication, increase potency, accelerate talent acquisition, harness innovation (BCG, 2020).

CONCLUSION:



Concluding the higher than analysis and survey findings it's obvious that COVID-19 as a world, external issue created the time unit business practices introduce new rules, policies, tools to regulate workers to the new scenario and still to continue business functions. All the ways and plans that were created even one year before pandemic, have to be revised, changed, reshaped. For many months numerous organizations have tested some solutions which could serve currently as a benchmark for others and as a degree of reference in restructuring their own time unit policies. Below we tend to conferred an inventory of expected changes and potential practices diagnosed by some business analysts.

Anticipated adjustments following COVID-19:

- ✓ BCG (Kaufman et al, 2020):
 - ➤ The longer term of labour is more and more hybrid a mix of onsite and remote locations;
 - That specialize in well-being and social property to assist workers to recover quicker from traumatic, painful, and nerve-racking period;
- ✓ McKinsey (Agrawal et al, 2020):
 - Build a talent set which will facilitate staff in key elements of your business respond well to changes;
 - Expand the flexibility to control during an absolutely digital environment;
 - ➤ Develop psychological feature skills to make sure that vital players will respond to the requirement for design and innovation;
 - Strengthen social and emotional skills to make sure effective collaboration;

- Build ability associated resilience skills to thrive throughout an evolving business situation;
- ✓ Global Marketing Trends for 2021, 2020:
 - ➤ To build trust in these turbulent times, brands ought to look at what individuals worth instead of what they give the impression of being like and ensure their guarantees area unit in adjust with their ability to deliver on them;

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